Metallographiebedarf Werkstofftechnik

IDA Industrie-Diamant-Aachen

Schmitz Metallographie GmbH

paccording to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Ethanol, rein 99,9% (entwässert)

Revision date: 06.03.2020

Product code: 351-100_-110_-120

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Ethanol, rein 99,9% (entw**ä**ssert)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Use as laboratory reagent.

Uses advised against

Any non-intended use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Street: Place:	Schmitz-Metallographie GmbH Kaiserstraße 100 D-52134 Herzogenrath	
Telephone: e-mail: Contact person:	02407 / 568296-0 info@schmitz-metallographie.de Herr Füllmann	Telefax:02407 / 568296-9
e-mail: Internet: Responsible Department:	info@schmitz-metallographie.de www.schmitz-metallographie.de Dr. Gans-Eichler Chemieberatung GmbH Raesfeldstr. 22 D-48149 Münster	e-mail: info@tge-consult.de Tel.: +49(0)251/394868-69 www.tge-consult.de
1.4. Emergency telephone	02407 / 568296-0 (Mo-Fr 9:00 - 16:	00)

<u>1.4. Emergency telephone</u> number:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Hazard categories: Flammable liquid: Flam. Liq. 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Eye Irrit. 2 Hazard Statements: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:



Hazard statements

H225 H319 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation.

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Precautionary statements

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P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No
smoking. P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or through use, explosive/highly flammable mixtures may develop. The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name				
	EC No	Index No	REACH No		
	GHS Classification	assification			
64-17-5	ethanol, ethyl alcohol	99 - <= 100 %			
	200-578-6	603-002-00-5	01-2119457610-43		
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2	; H225 H319			
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl	ketone		<1 %	
	201-159-0	606-002-00-3	01-2119457290-43		
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225 H319 H336 EUH066				

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Further Information

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0,1 % according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Article 59 (REACH)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down. In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. In case of allergic symptoms, especially in the breathing area, seek medical advice immediately.

After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

After contact with eyes

Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

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After ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute effects: Mucous membrane irritation after eye contact or inhalation.

Delayed effects: Impairment of inhibitory functions of the central nervous system, skin redness, nausea after ingestion of large amounts.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

Percutaneously absorbed and inhaled substance causes next to irritation of affected mucous membranes only an indicated impairment of the inhibitory functions of the central nervous system, clinically recognizable as the beginning of a euphoric stage. At the same time face and skin redness is caused by dilation of peripheral blood vessels in the body.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry extinguishing powder. alcohol resistant foam. Atomized water.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapours are heavier than air and will spread at floor level. Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Additional information

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product. Wear personal protection equipment. (refer to chapter 8)

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Ventilate affected area.

Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

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Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Wear personal protection equipment. (See section 8.)

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition. - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Flammable vapours can accumulate in head space of closed systems. In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

Further information on handling

General protection and hygiene measures: refer to chapter 8

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep/Store only in original container. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect against direct sunlight.

Ensure adequate ventilation of the storage area. Concentrated vapours are heavier than air. Suitable material for Container: Stainless steel. (1.4301 (V2), 1.4401 (V4)); iron. solvent resistant plastics. Unsuitable materials for Container: Aluminium. Rubber. various plastics.

Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Gas. Explosives. Flammable solids. Pyrophoric liquids and solids. Self-heating substances and mixtures. Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases. Oxidizing liquids. Oxidizing solids. ammonium nitrate. Self-reactive substances and mixtures. Organic peroxides. Non-combustible toxic substances. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances.

Further information on storage conditions

Recommended storage temperature: 5-25°C

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. Cold.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
78-93-3	Butan-2-one (methyl ethyl ketone)	200	600		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		300	899		STEL (15 min)	WEL
64-17-5	Ethanol	1000	1920		TWA (8 h)	WEL

Biological Monitoring Guidance Values (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	Parameter	Value	Test material	Sampling time
78-93-3	Butan-2-one	butan-2-one	70 µmol/L	urine	Post shift

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DNEL/DMEL values

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ethyl alcohol	Exposure route	Effect	Value
ethyl alcohol			
	inhalation	local	1900 mg/m ³
n	dermal	systemic	343 mg/kg bw/day
n	inhalation	systemic	950 mg/m³
	inhalation	local	950 mg/m³
erm	dermal	systemic	206 mg/kg bw/day
erm	inhalation	systemic	114 mg/m ³
erm	oral	systemic	87 mg/kg bw/day
e; ethyl methyl ketone			
n	dermal	systemic	1161 mg/kg bw/day
n	inhalation	systemic	600 mg/m³
erm	inhalation	systemic	106 mg/m ³
erm	dermal	systemic	412 mg/kg bw/day
erm	oral	systemic	31 mg/kg bw/day
	n term term term e; ethyl methyl ketone n n term term	inhalation term dermal inhalation term oral e; ethyl methyl ketone n dermal n inhalation term inhalation term dermal	inhalation local term dermal systemic term inhalation systemic term oral systemic e; ethyl methyl ketone n dermal systemic n inhalation systemic term inhalation systemic term dermal systemic

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance						
Environment	tal compartment	Value					
78-93-3 butanone; ethyl methyl ketone							
Freshwater		55,8 mg/l					
Marine wate	r	55,8 mg/l					
Freshwater s	sediment	285 mg/kg					
Marine sedir	nent	284,7 mg/kg					
Secondary p	poisoning	1000 mg/kg					
Micro-organ	isms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	709 mg/l					
Soil		22,5 mg/kg					

8.2. Exposure controls







Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment. Provide adequate ventilation.

If local exhaust ventilation is not possible or not sufficient, the entire working area should be ventilated by technical means.

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Protective and hygiene measures

Always close containers tightly after the removal of product. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Take off contaminated clothing. Protect skin by using skin protective cream.

Eye/face protection

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Tightly sealed safety glasses. BS/EN 166

Hand protection

In case of prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact:

Tested protective gloves are to be worn:

Suitable material:

Butyl rubber. (0,7 mm, Breakthrough time >=480 min, penetration time (maximum wearing period): 160 min): NBR (Nitrile rubber). (0,4 mm, Breakthrough time >=120 min, penetration time (maximum wearing period): 40 min) The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Before using check leak tightness / impermeability. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

Skin protection

Protective clothing. (fire retardant.) Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS 500 (D).

Respiratory protection

With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required.

Respiratory protection necessary at:

Insufficient ventilation.

Exceeding exposure limit values

Generation/formation of aerosols

Suitable respiratory protective equipment:

gas filtering equipment (EN 141). Type : A

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Colour: Odour: pH-Value:	liquid colourless characteristic	not determined
Changes in the physical state		
Melting point:		Ethanol: -114 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range:		Ethanol: 78 °C
Sublimation point:		not determined
Softening point:		not determined

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Pour point:	not determined								
Flash point:	12 °C								
Explosive properties In use, may form flammable/explo	osive vapour-air mixture.								
Lower explosion limits:	3,3 vol. %								
Upper explosion limits:	19 vol. %								
Ignition temperature:	not determined								
Auto-ignition temperature Gas:	not determined								
Decomposition temperature:	not determined								
Oxidizing properties none									
Vapour pressure: (at 20 °C)	59 hPa								
Vapour pressure: (at 50 °C)	280 hPa								
Density (at 20 °C):	0,79 g/cm³								
Water solubility:	completely miscible								
Solubility in other solvents not determined									
Viscosity / dynamic:	not determined								
Viscosity / kinematic:	not determined								
Flow time:	not determined								
Vapour density:	not determined								
Evaporation rate:	not determined								
Solvent separation test:	not determined								
Solvent content:	100%								
9.2. Other information									
Solid content:	not determined								

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Explosion risk in contact with: Oxidizing agents, strong. nitric acid. Hydrogenium peroxide. Exothermic reactions with: Alkali metals. Alkaline earth metals. Reducing agents, strong.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Protect against direct sunlight. Protect from moisture. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

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Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting. Recommended storage temperature: < 40 °C

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acid. Oxidizing agents. Alkali metals. Alkaline earth metals. Peroxides. phosphorus oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Hydrogenium peroxide. Nitric acid. hydrochloric acid. Sulfuric acid. Perchlorates. Chromium oxides. Acid chlorides.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

Adsorption.

Ethanol has a low molecular weight and has a good water and fat solubility. Therefor it can be adsorbed well in the entire gastrointestinal tract, lungs and the skin. After swallowing approximately 90% is taken up via the gastrointestinal tract. When inhaled, this value is 61%. Because of the rapid evaporation of ethanol the dermal adsorption is very limited; theoretically 21% can be accommodated, however, the absorption rate of uncovered skin is only 1 to 2%.

Distribution:

Regardless of the exposure pathway ethanol is distributed via the bloodstream throughout the body, comparable to the distribution of water. Highly perfused organs (brain, lung and liver) are passed quickly. An equal distribution between tissue and blood is reached after 1 to 1.5 h.

metabolism:

Even before the absorption a small proportion of ethanol is enzymatically metabolized in the stomach (alcohol dehydrogenase). After absorption ethanol is preferably metabolized in the liver (92-95%) and partly in the kidneys and lungs. Metabolism occurs usually in three steps: 1. oxidation of ethanol to acetaldehyde; 2. oxidation of acetaldehyde to acetate; 3. oxidation of acetate to carbon dioxide and water

elimination:

The vast majority of ethanol is eliminated by metabolism, the excretion via breath, urine and sweat plays a minor role. The maximum elimination of ethanol is estimated on the 127 mg / kgbw / h.

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name								
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method			
64-17-5	ethanol, ethyl alcohol								
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	>5000	Rat	ECHA Dossier				
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50	124,7 mg/l	Rat	ECHA Dossier				
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl l	ketone							
	oral LD50 >2000 mg/kg		Rat	ECHA Dossier					
	dermal			Rabbit	ECHA Dossier				

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Irritation and corrosivity

Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Irritant effect on the skin: slightly irritant but not relevant for classification. Ethanol.: Specific concentration limit (SCL): Eye Irrit. 2 > 50%

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. The product is: not sensitising. The statement is derived form the properties of the components.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ethanol. (CAS-No.: 64-17-5):

In-vitro mutagenicity: No experimental indications of mutagenicity in-vitro exist.

Reproductive toxicity: Exposure time: 18 weeks; Species: CD-1 Mouse. Method: OECD Guideline 416; Result: NOAEL = 20700 mg/kg/day. Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity: Exposure time: 19d; Species: Sprague-Dawley Rat. Method: OECD Guideline 414; Result: NOAEL = 16000 ppm (maternal toxicity), Result: NOAEL >= 20000 ppm (teratogenicity); Literature information: ECHA Dossier

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Ethanol. (CAS-No.: 64-17-5): Subchronic oral toxicity: Exposure time: 90d; Species: Sprague-Dawley Rat. Method: OECD Guideline 408; Result: NOAEL = 1280 mg/kg; Literature information: ECHA Dossier

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

No data available

Practical experience

Other observations

Depending on the ingested quantity the following symptoms can be induced: a reduction of inhibitions, euphoria but also dysphoria, aggressiveness, impaired motoric skills, impaired responsiveness, blurred vision and fatigue.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Chemical name							
Aquatic toxicity	Dose	Dose		Species	Source	Method	
ethanol, ethyl alcohol							
Acute fish toxicity LC50 14200 mg/l				Pimephales promelas	ECHA Dossier		
Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	275 mg/l	72 h	Chlorella vulgaris	ECHA Dossier		
Acute crustacea toxicity EC50 5012 mg/l 48 h Ceriodaphnia dubia				Ceriodaphnia dubia	ECHA Dossier		
Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	9,6 mg/l	9 d	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier		
butanone; ethyl methyl ketone							
	Aquatic toxicity ethanol, ethyl alcohol Acute fish toxicity Acute algae toxicity Acute crustacea toxicity Crustacea toxicity	Aquatic toxicity Dose ethanol, ethyl alcohol Acute fish toxicity LC50 mg/l Acute algae toxicity ErC50 Acute crustacea toxicity EC50 Crustacea toxicity NOEC	Aquatic toxicity Dose ethanol, ethyl alcohol Acute fish toxicity LC50 mg/l Acute algae toxicity ErC50 275 mg/l Acute crustacea toxicity EC50 5012 mg/l Crustacea toxicity NOEC 9,6 mg/l	Aquatic toxicity Dose [h] [d] ethanol, ethyl alcohol ethanol, ethyl alcohol 14200 96 h Acute fish toxicity LC50 14200 96 h Acute algae toxicity ErC50 275 mg/l 72 h Acute crustacea toxicity EC50 5012 mg/l 48 h Crustacea toxicity NOEC 9,6 mg/l 9 d	Aquatic toxicity Dose [h] [d] Species ethanol, ethyl alcohol ethanol, ethyl alcohol 4cute fish toxicity LC50 mg/l 14200 96 h Pimephales promelas Acute fish toxicity ErC50 275 mg/l 72 h Chlorella vulgaris Acute crustacea toxicity EC50 5012 mg/l 48 h Ceriodaphnia dubia Crustacea toxicity NOEC 9,6 mg/l 9 d Daphnia magna	Aquatic toxicity Dose [h] [d] Species Source ethanol, ethyl alcohol ethanol, ethyl alcohol 4 4 Pimephales promelas ECHA Dossier Acute fish toxicity LC50 mg/l 14200 96 h Pimephales promelas ECHA Dossier Acute algae toxicity ErC50 275 mg/l 72 h Chlorella vulgaris ECHA Dossier Acute crustacea toxicity EC50 5012 mg/l 48 h Ceriodaphnia dubia ECHA Dossier Crustacea toxicity NOEC 9,6 mg/l 9 d Daphnia magna ECHA Dossier	

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						v
Acute fish toxicity	LC50	1656 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA Dossier	
Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	1982 mg/l		Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	ECHA Dossier	
Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	308 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	
Acute bacteria toxicity	(1150	mg/l)		Pseudomonas putida (16h)	ECHA Dossier	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ethanol. (CAS-No.: 64-17-5): Chemical Oyxgen Demand (COD): CSB = 1900 mg/g Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD): BSB5 = 1000 mg/g Abiotic degradation in water: Hydrolysis t 1/2 (20°C, pH 7) = >1 - <36 a. Abiotic degradation in Air t 1/2 (Air.) = 38 d; 1/2 (Air. 100 ppm NO2) = 11,5 h

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Method	Value	d	Source	
	Evaluation				
64-17-5	ethanol, ethyl alcohol				
	other guideline	84%	20	ECHA Dossier	
	Biodegradable.				
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone				
	OECD 301D/ EEC 92/69/V, C.4-E	98%	28	ECHA Dossier	
	Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).				

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
64-17-5	ethanol, ethyl alcohol	-0,31
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone	0,29

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ethanol. (CAS-No.: 64-17-5): Volatility Henry constant: 3,3*10-6 atm. m3/mol;dimension less 1,28*10-4 (Calculation method.)

Distribution: Calculation according to: Mackay, EPIWIN: Air. 45,0%; Water. 33,1%; soil: 13,7%; sediment: 0,1%

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available

Further information

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. According to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue,

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allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process.

Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:

List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

160506 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals; laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - used product

160506 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals; laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150110 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances; hazardous waste

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number:14.2. UN proper shipping name:14.3. Transport hazard class(es):14.4. Packing group:Hazard label:	UN 1170 ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL) 3 II 3
Classification code:	F1
Special Provisions:	144 601
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E2
Transport category:	2
Hazard No:	33
Tunnel restriction code:	D/E
Inland waterways transport (ADN) <u>14.1. UN number:</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name:</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</u>	UN 1170 ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL) 3
<u>14.4. Packing group:</u>	II
Hazard label:	3

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	*	
Classification code:	F1	
Special Provisions:	144 601	
Limited quantity:	1L	
Excepted quantity:	E2	
Marine transport (IMDG)		
<u>14.1. UN number:</u>	UN 1170	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3	
14.4. Packing group:	II	
Hazard label:	3	
	VEO	
Marine pollutant: Special Provisions:	YES 144	
Limited quantity:	1 L	
Excepted quantity:	E2	
EmS:	F-E, S-D	
Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)		
<u>14.1. UN number:</u>	UN 1170	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHYL ALCOHOL	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3	
14.4. Packing group:	II	
Hazard label:	3	
Special Provisions:	A3 A58 A180	
Limited quantity Passenger:	1 L	
Passenger LQ:	Y341	
Excepted quantity:	E2	
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger: IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	353 5 L	
IATA-max. quality - Passenger. IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	364	
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	60 L	
14.5. Environmental hazards		
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS:	no	
14.6. Special precautions for user See section 8.		

Metallographiebedarf Werkstofftechnik

IDA Industrie-Diamant-Aachen



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Ethanol, rein 99,9% (entwässert)

Product code: 351-100_-110_-120

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Revision date: 06.03.2020 not relevant.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

100% (calculated)

790 g/l (calculated)

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

EU regulatory information

2010/75/EU (VOC): 2004/42/EC (VOC): Information according to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):

Additional information

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (amended by Regulation (EU) No 2019/957) The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]. REACH 1907/2006 Appendix XVII, No (mixture): 3, 40

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions:

Observe restrictions to employment for juvenils according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water hazard class (D):

1 - slightly hazardous to water

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out: ethanol, ethyl alcohol butanone; ethyl methyl ketone

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

09.10.2012 Rev.1.00, Neuerstellung 13.02.2015 Rev. 1,01, Änderungen in Kapitel: 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 - 16 06.03.2020 Rev. 2,00, Änderungen in Kapitel: 1 - 16.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) CAS Chemical Abstracts Service CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures **DNEL: Derived No Effect Level** d: day(s) EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances ELINCS: European LIst of Notified Chemical Substances ECHA: European Chemicals Agency EWC: European Waste Catalogue IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA) ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO) GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

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GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany) h: hour LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level NOAEC: No observed adverse effect concentration NLP: No-Longer Polymers N/A: not applicable OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development PNEC: predicted no effect concentration PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation of Chemicals SVHC: substance of very high concern TRGS: Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe **UN: United Nations** VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

	· · · · · ·
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Further Information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] - Classification procedure: Health hazards: Calculation method. Environmental hazards: Calculation method. Physical hazards: On basis of test data and / or calculated and / or estimated.

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)