



according to UK REACH Regulation

NaOH 15%

Revision date: 28.03.2022 Product code: Page 1 of 11

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

NaOH 15%

UFI: P8P2-AXUF-0PH6-EE4J

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Laboratory chemical

Uses advised against

Any non-intended use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Schmitz-Metallographie GmbH

Street: Kaiserstraße 100
Place: D-52134 Herzogenrath

Telephone: 02407 / 568296-0 Telefax: 02407 / 568296-9

e-mail: info@schmitz-metallographie.de

Contact person: Herr Füllmann

e-mail: info@schmitz-metallographie.de Internet: www.schmitz-metallographie.de

Responsible Department: Dr. Gans-Eichler e-mail: info@tge-consult.de Chemieberatung GmbH Tel.: +49(0)2534 6441185

Otto-Hahn-Str. 36

Chemieberatung GmbH

Tel.: +49(0)2534 6441185

www.tge-consult.de

D-48161 Münster

1.4. Emergency telephone

<u>number:</u>

Poison Information Center Mainz, Germany, Tel: +49(0)6131/19240

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GB CLP Regulation

Met. Corr. 1; H290 Skin Corr. 1A; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

GB CLP Regulation

Hazard components for labelling

sodium hydroxide; caustic soda **Signal word:**Danger

Pictograms:



Hazard statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.



according to UK REACH Regulation

NaOH 15%
Revision date: 28.03.2022 Product code: Page 2 of 11

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

For information or further instructions, see also section 11 or 12.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity	
	EC No	EC No Index No REACH No			
	Classification (GB CLP Regulation)				
1310-73-2	sodium hydroxide; causti	sodium hydroxide; caustic soda			
	215-185-5	011-002-00-6	01-2119457892-27		
	Met. Corr. 1, Skin Corr. 1A, Eye Dam. 1; H290 H314 H318				

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits. M-factors and ATE

<u></u>				
CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity	
	Specific Conc. I	imits, M-factors and ATE		
1310-73-2	215-185-5	sodium hydroxide; caustic soda	12 - < 15 %	
	Skin Corr. 1A; H314: >= 5 - 100 Skin Corr. 1B; H314: >= 2 - < 5 Skin Irrit. 2; H315: >= 0,5 - <			
	2 Eye Irrit. 2; H319: >= 0,5 - < 2			

Further Information

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0,1 % according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Article 59 (REACH)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. In the case of lung irritation: Primary treatment using corticoide spray, eg. Auxiloson spray, Pulmicort-dosage-spray. (Auxiloson and Pulmicort are registered trademarks).

After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart. Subsequently consult an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a





according to UK REACH Regulation

NaOH 15%

Revision date: 28.03.2022 Product code: Page 3 of 11

person with cramps. When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Sand. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Extinguishing powder. In case of major fire and large quantities: Water spray jet. Water mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Can be released in case of fire: Gas/vapours, corrosive.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Do not breathe vapour/aerosol. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

For non-emergency personnel

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

For emergency responders

No special measures are necessary.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7 Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Wear suitable protective clothing. (See section 8.)

Conditions to avoid: aerosol or mist formation

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.



according to UK REACH Regulation

NaOH 15%

Revision date: 28.03.2022 Product code: Page 4 of 11

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Usual measures for fire prevention.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Further information on handling

General protection and hygiene measures: See section 8.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Only use containers specifically approved for the substance/product.

Make sure spills can be contained (e.g. sump pallets or kerbed areas).

Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Explosives. Oxidizing solids. Oxidizing liquids. Organic peroxides. Self-reactive substances and mixtures. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances.

Further information on storage conditions

Recommended storage temperature: 20°C

Protect against: frost. UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. Humidity

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	-	2		STEL (15 min)	WEL

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance				
DNEL type Exposure route Effect			Effect	Value	
1310-73-2	sodium hydroxide; caustic soda				
Worker DNEL, long-term inhalation local 1 mg/m³				1 mg/m³	
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	1 mg/m³	

8.2. Exposure controls







Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection. BS/EN 166

Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves.



according to UK REACH Regulation

NaOH 15%

Revision date: 28.03.2022 Product code: Page 5 of 11

Suitable material:

FKM (fluororubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,4 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

Butyl rubber. - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

CR (polychloroprenes, Chloroprene rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

NBR (Nitrile rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,35 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

PVC (Polyvinyl chloride). - Thickness of glove material: 0.5 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive EC/2016/425 and the standard EN ISO 374 derived from it.

Before using check leak tightness / impermeability. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

Skin protection

Suitable protective clothing: Lab apron.

Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS 500 (D).

Respiratory protection

With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required.

Respiratory protection necessary at:

- -Exceeding exposure limit values
- -Insufficient ventilation and aerosol or mist formation

Suitable respiratory protective equipment: particulates filter device (DIN EN 143). Type: P1-3

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: liquid
Colour: colourless
Odour: characteristic

Changes in the physical state

Melting point/freezing point:

Boiling point or initial boiling point and

No information available.

not determined

boiling range:

Sublimation point:

Softening point:

No information available.

No information available.

No information available.

No information available.

Flash point:

>100 °C

Flammability

Solid/liquid: No information available.

Gas: No information available.

Explosive properties

not explosive.



according to UK REACH Regulation

NaOH 15%

Revision date: 28.03.2022 Product code: Page 6 of 11

Lower explosion limits:

Upper explosion limits:

not determined

not determined

Auto-ignition temperature:

Non-flammable.

Self-ignition temperature

Solid:
Gas:
No information available.
No information available.

Decomposition temperature:
No information available.

PH-Value (at 20 °C):

14

Viscosity / dynamic: not determined
Viscosity / kinematic: No information available.
Flow time: No information available.
Water solubility: completely miscible

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:

Vapour pressure:

No information available.

not determined

(at 20 °C)

Vapour pressure: not determined

(at 50 °C)

Density (at 20 °C):

Bulk density:

No information available.

Relative vapour density:

No information available.

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Sustaining combustion:

No data available

Oxidizing properties not determined

Other safety characteristics

Solvent separation test:

Solvent content:

No information available.

Further InformationNo information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions. Refer to chapter 10.5.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat.



according to UK REACH Regulation

NaOH 15%

Revision date: 28.03.2022 Product code: Page 7 of 11

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: acid.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

No information available.

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes serious eye damage.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Danger of severe chemical burns that lead to perforation of oesophagus and stomach.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] [d]	Species	Source	Method
1310-73-2	sodium hydroxide; caustic	sodium hydroxide; caustic soda					
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	125 mg/l	96 h	Gambusia affinis	ECHA dossier	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	40,4	48 h	Ceriodaphnia spec	ECHA dossier	
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(EC50	22 mg/l)		Photobacterium phosphoreum	ECHA dossier	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No indication of bioaccumulation potential.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment



according to UK REACH Regulation

NaOH 15%

Revision date: 28.03.2022 Product code: Page 8 of 11

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.

The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1 %

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1 %.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process. Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:

List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

110107

WASTES FROM CHEMICAL SURFACE TREATMENT AND COATING OF METALS AND OTHER MATERIALS; NON-FERROUS HYDRO-METALLURGY; wastes from chemical surface treatment and coating of metals and other materials (for example galvanic processes, zinc coating processes, pickling processes, etching, phosphating, alkaline degreasing, anodising); pickling bases; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - used product

110107

WASTES FROM CHEMICAL SURFACE TREATMENT AND COATING OF METALS AND OTHER MATERIALS; NON-FERROUS HYDRO-METALLURGY; wastes from chemical surface treatment and coating of metals and other materials (for example galvanic processes, zinc coating processes, pickling processes, etching, phosphating, alkaline degreasing, anodising); pickling bases; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150110

WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances; hazardous waste

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 1824

14.2. UN proper shipping name: SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):814.4. Packing group:II

Hazard label: 8



Classification code: C5
Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E2



according to UK REACH Regulation

NaOH 15%
Revision date: 28.03.2022 Product code: Page 9 of 11

Transport category: 2
Hazard No: 80
Tunnel restriction code: E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 1824

14.2. UN proper shipping name: SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):814.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:8



Classification code: C5
Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E2

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 1824

14.2. UN proper shipping name: SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):814.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:8



Marine pollutant:

Special Provisions:

Limited quantity:

Excepted quantity:

EmS:

F-A, S-B

Segregation group:

NO

1 L

E2

F-A, S-B

18 - alkalis

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 1824

14.2. UN proper shipping name: SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):814.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:8



Special Provisions:

Limited quantity Passenger:

Passenger LQ:

Excepted quantity:

A3 A803

0.5 L

Y840

Excepted quantity:

E2

IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:851IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:1 LIATA-packing instructions - Cargo:855IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:30 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Safe handling: see section 7





according to UK REACH Regulation

NaOH 15%

Revision date: 28.03.2022 Product code: Page 10 of 11

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not relevant

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 75

2010/75/EU (VOC): No information available. 2004/42/EC (VOC): No information available.

Information according to 2012/18/EU

(SEVESO III):

Not subject to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

Additional information

Safety Data Sheet according to UK-REACH Regulation

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

UK REACH Appendix XVII, No (mixture): 3

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile

work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water hazard class (D): 1 - slightly hazardous to water

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

sodium hydroxide; caustic soda

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

Rev. 1,00; Initial release 28.03.2022

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement

concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

d: day(s)

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European LIst of Notified Chemical Substances

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency EWC: European Waste Catalogue

IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)

h: hour

LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level

LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration





according to UK REACH Regulation

NaOH 15%

Revision date: 28.03.2022 Product code: Page 11 of 11

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level

NOAEC: No observed adverse effect concentration

NLP: No-Longer Polymers N/A: not applicable

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PNEC: predicted no effect concentration PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de

fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation of Chemicals

SVHC: substance of very high concern TRGS: Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe

UN: United Nations

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to GB CLP Regulation

Classification	Classification procedure		
Met. Corr. 1; H290	On basis of test data		
Skin Corr. 1A; H314	Calculation method		
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method		

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Further Information

Classification according to GHS [UK CLP] - Classification procedure:

Health hazards: Calculation method.

Environmental hazards: Calculation method.

Physical hazards: On basis of test data and / or calculated and / or estimated.

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)